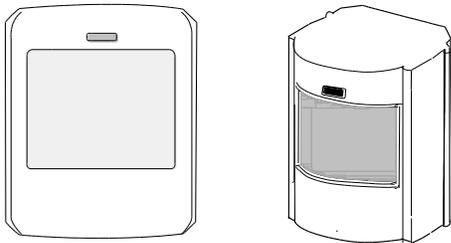


Pet Immune SAW PIR Motion Sensor with Lithium Battery Installation Instructions



Product summary

A motion sensor (passive-infrared or PIR) detects movement within a specific area by sensing the infrared energy emitted from a body as it moves across the sensor's field of view. When this motion is detected, the sensor transmits an alarm signal to the control panel.

Use this motion sensor to protect locations where door/window sensors are impractical or not needed. For example, use a motion sensor to protect large areas or open floor plans. Motion sensors also provide backup protection for door/window sensors.

The Pet Immune SAW PIR (60-807-01-95R) utilizes advanced signal processing, a new custom designed lens, and a new custom designed sensing element. The combination of these improvements provides false alarm immunity for pets with a combined weight of up to 40 pounds (18 kg) while still providing superior human catch performance.

- This wireless motion sensor includes the following features:
- 35 feet by 40 feet coverage area
- Three minute transmitter lockout time after an alarm that helps extend battery life
- Cover-activated tamper (optional wall-activated tamper is included)
- Supervisory signals transmitted every 64 minutes to the control panel
- Sensor low battery reports (trouble) to the control panel

- Field-selectable sensitivity options (standard setting required for pet applications)
- Compatible with all Learn Mode control panels

Installation guidelines

This PIR was designed for indoor use in the presence of pets having a combined weight of up to 40 pounds (18 kg). The following installation guidelines must be met to provide this false alarm immunity.

- The sensor must be incline-mounted on a wall surface or incline mounted in a corner at a mounting height of 7.5 feet (2.3 m) (see Figure 4 on page 2).
- The sensitivity switch must be set to Standard.
- The pet must not be allowed to climb on objects such as furniture, boxes, etc. within the field of coverage. See Figure 2 on page 2 and Figure 3 on page 2 to determine the sensor's field of coverage.
- Room temperature must be kept between 60° and 120° F (16° and 49° C).
- Do not aim the sensor at windows, fireplaces, air conditioners, area heaters, forced air heating vents, or place it in direct sunlight.
- Windows should be closed in any area which has an armed motion sensor.
- Position the sensor to protect an area where an intruder would be most likely to walk *across* the detection pattern (see Figure 1 on page 2).
- Mount the motion sensor on a rigid surface which is free from vibrations.
- Mount the sensor permanently on a flat wall or in a corner. Do not set it on a shelf.
- Mount the motion sensor on an insulated, outside wall facing in.
- Position the sensor so it faces a solid reference point, like a wall.

- If possible, locate sensors within 100 feet (30.5 m) of the panel. While a transmitter may have a range of 500 feet (152 m) or more out in the open, the environment at the installation site can have a significant effect on transmitter range. Sometimes a change in sensor location can help overcome adverse wireless conditions.
- Do not mount the sensor near duct work or other large metallic surfaces which may affect the RF signals (see "Final Testing" on page 4). Actual acceptable transmitter range should be verified for each installation.

Figure 1: Top view of lens coverage area

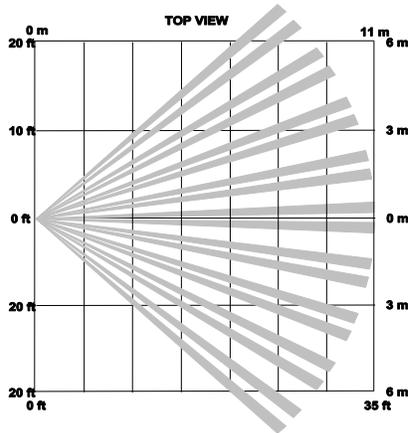


Figure 2: Side view at a mounting height of 7.5 feet

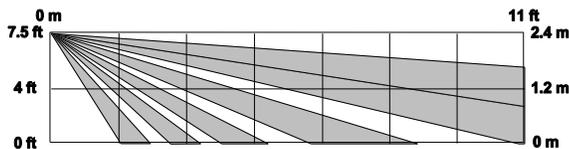
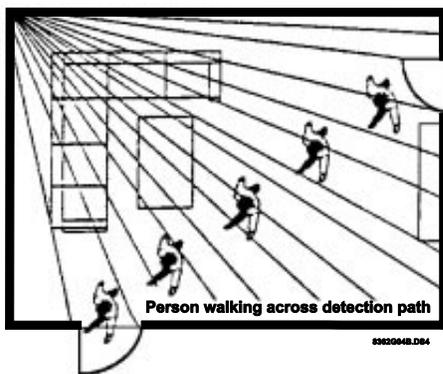


Figure 3: Overhead detection path



Mounting the motion sensor

This sensor must be incline-mounted on a wall surface or incline mounted in a corner at a mounting height of 7.5 feet.

Figure 4: Wall mount options

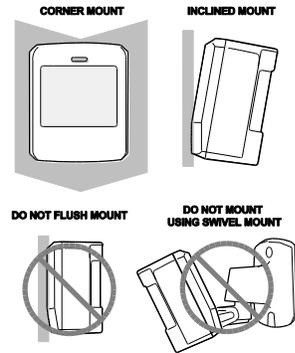
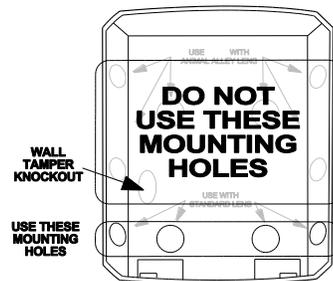


Figure 5: PIR mounting plate knockouts



To mount the sensor:

1. Remove the mounting plate by depressing the button on the top of the sensor body. With the opposite hand pull the mounting plate away from the body of the sensor.
2. Punch out two of the bottom four mounting holes (see Figure 5 above) to determine which knockouts to use when mounting the motion sensor. Use the lower-side holes for corner mounting, or the lower-middle holes for surface mounting.
3. If you desire wall-tamper functionality, remove the wall-tamper knockout (see Figure 5 above).

Note: The wall-tamper switch cannot be used when the sensor is corner mounted.

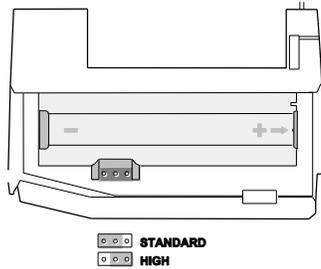
4. Mark the location of the required holes on the mounting surface.
5. Use wall anchors and screws to secure into place. Attach the sensor to the mounting plate.

- When testing is completed the PIR can be securely attached to its mounting plate by screwing the smallest enclosed screw into the mounting plate hole at the top of the mounting plate (see Figure 7 below).

Setting the sensitivity on the indoor motion sensor

For pet applications, the PIR must be set to standard sensitivity.

Figure 6: Sensitivity pins locations



Testing

Walk Testing

Walk testing should be done to determine the sensor's actual coverage area. The edge of the coverage pattern is determined by the first flash of the LED. This may change slightly depending upon the sensitivity setting. Walk test the unit from both directions to determine the pattern boundaries.

- Remove the sensor body from the mounted mounting plate, activate the tamper switch, and then remount the body to activate the 60 second walk test mode.
- Walk across the coverage pattern to determine the coverage area, indicated by LED activation. Each activation extends the walk test mode for an additional 60 seconds.

After 60 seconds without motion the walk test mode times out and the LED will no longer activate when motion is detected.

Caution: Excessive use of the walk test mode may reduce battery life. Use only for initial setup and maintenance testing.

Note: When the walk test mode has ended, an alarm can be transmitted only after 3 minutes have passed since the previous alarm. This 3 minute lockout time reduces unnecessary RF transmissions in high traffic areas thereby extending battery life.

Environment testing

Turn on all heating or air conditioning sources which would normally be active during the protection period. Stand away from the sensor and outside the coverage pattern and watch for alarms.

Maintenance

At least once a year, the range and coverage should be verified for proper operation. The end user should be instructed to put the sensor in walk test mode and walk through the far end of the coverage pattern to verify proper detection.

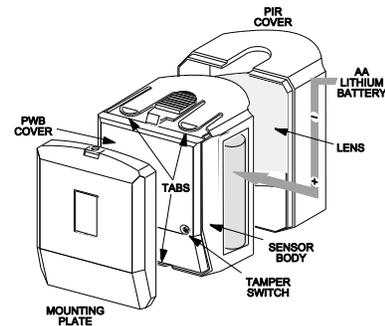
Replacing and Disposing of Batteries

The sensor is powered by 1 AA Lithium battery. When the system indicates the sensor has a low battery, replace it immediately.

When battery replacement is necessary, observe proper polarity (as shown in the battery compartment) when installing the new battery, or the sensor may be damaged. Be sure to note that as you look at the battery compartment, on the left side the positive battery end is down and on the right side the positive end is up. When the battery is replaced, wait at least 3 minutes before activating the walk test mode.

Caution: Replace only with 1 AA lithium battery. Observe polarity when installing the new battery. Installing the battery backwards may cause damage to the sensor. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions, and/or local government authorities. See Figure 7 below for the battery location.

Figure 7: PIR components



Programming

Refer to the panel installation instructions for information on programming the sensor into the panel.

To trip the sensor:

1. Remove the PIR from its mounting plate activating the tamper switch.
2. Exit the panel's programming mode.
3. Return the PIR to its mounting plate.

Final Testing

Final testing should be done to verify radio signal integrity and confirm control panel programming and response. The actual transmitter range can be determined by performing a sensor test as follows:

1. After the sensor has been mounted, remove it from its mounting plate and activate the tamper switch to start the walk test mode.
2. Replace the sensor in its mounting plate.
3. Place the control panel in test mode. Move across the detection pattern until the sensor's LED turns on. STOP your motion.
4. Listen for the appropriate system response. If the system does not respond, proceed to "Troubleshooting" below.

Troubleshooting

Use the following guidelines if the system does not respond correctly when the sensor is activated.

- Check programming and reprogram sensor into panel if necessary.
- Move the sensor to another location and test for correct response.

To relocate a sensor:

1. Test the sensor a few inches from the original position.
2. Increase the distance from the original position and retest until an acceptable location is found.
3. Mount the sensor in the new location.
4. If no location is acceptable, test the sensor as described below:

Test a known good sensor at the same location.

If the system does not respond, avoid mounting a sensor at that location.

If the replacement sensor functions, return the problem sensor for repair or replacement.

Specifications

Compatibility	Simon®, Concord™, Concord Express, SuperBus® 2000 RF Receiver, Quik Bridge® 1 & 2 Channel and Loop Receivers
Power source	1 AA Lithium battery; Part # 60-619 (six batteries per pack)
Typical battery life	4-6 years at 68° F
Transmitter frequency	319.5 MHz
Operating temperature	32° to 120° F (0° to 49° C) Non-pet applications 60° to 120° F (16° to 49° C) Pet applications
Storage temperature range	-30° to 140° F (-34° to 60° C)
Maximum humidity	90% Relative Humidity non-condensing
Dimensions	2.9 in. (7.4 cm) x 2.4 in. (6.1 cm) x 1.9 in. (4.8 cm) (L x W x H)

Regulatory information

Manufacturer	UTC Fire & Security Americas Corporation, Inc. 1275 Red Fox Rd., Arden Hills, MN 55112-6943, USA
FCC compliance	These devices comply with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: These devices may not cause harmful interference. These devices must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. Changes or modifications not expressly approved by UTC Fire & Security can void the users' authority to operate the equipment.

Contact information

www.utcfireandsecurity.com or www.interlogix.com

For customer support, see www.interlogix.com/customer-support

© 2012 UTC Fire & Security Americas Corporation, Inc.

Interlogix is part of UTC Climate Controls & Security, a unit of United Technologies Corporation.

All rights reserved.